

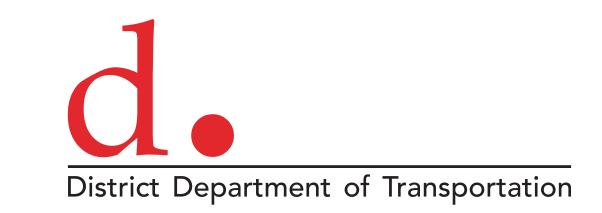


Welcome

Public Meeting

Cleveland Park
Streetscape
and Drainage
Improvement Project

September 15, 2016



Cleveland Park Drainage Area

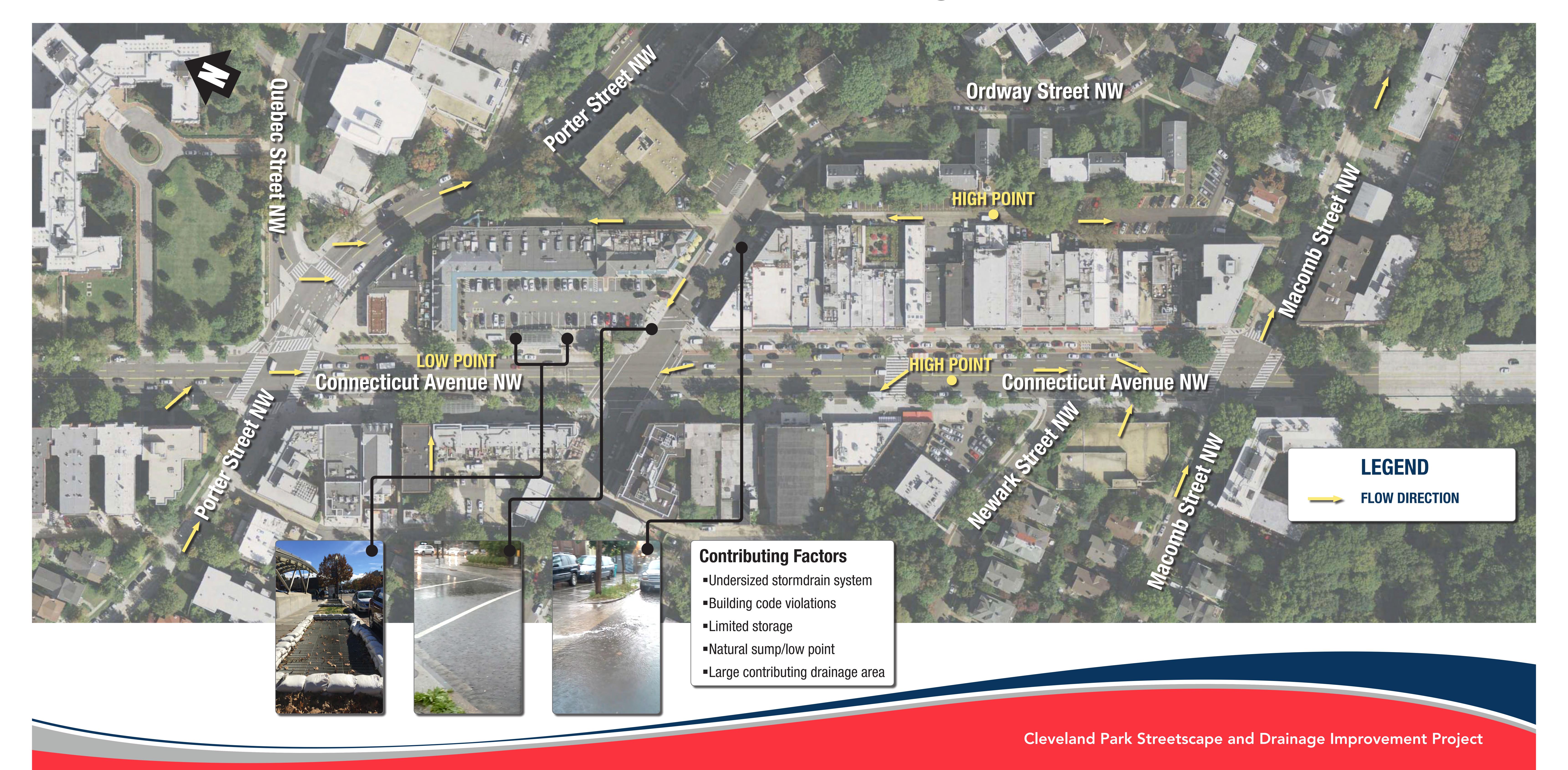






Cleveland Park Stormwater Existing Flow Conditions

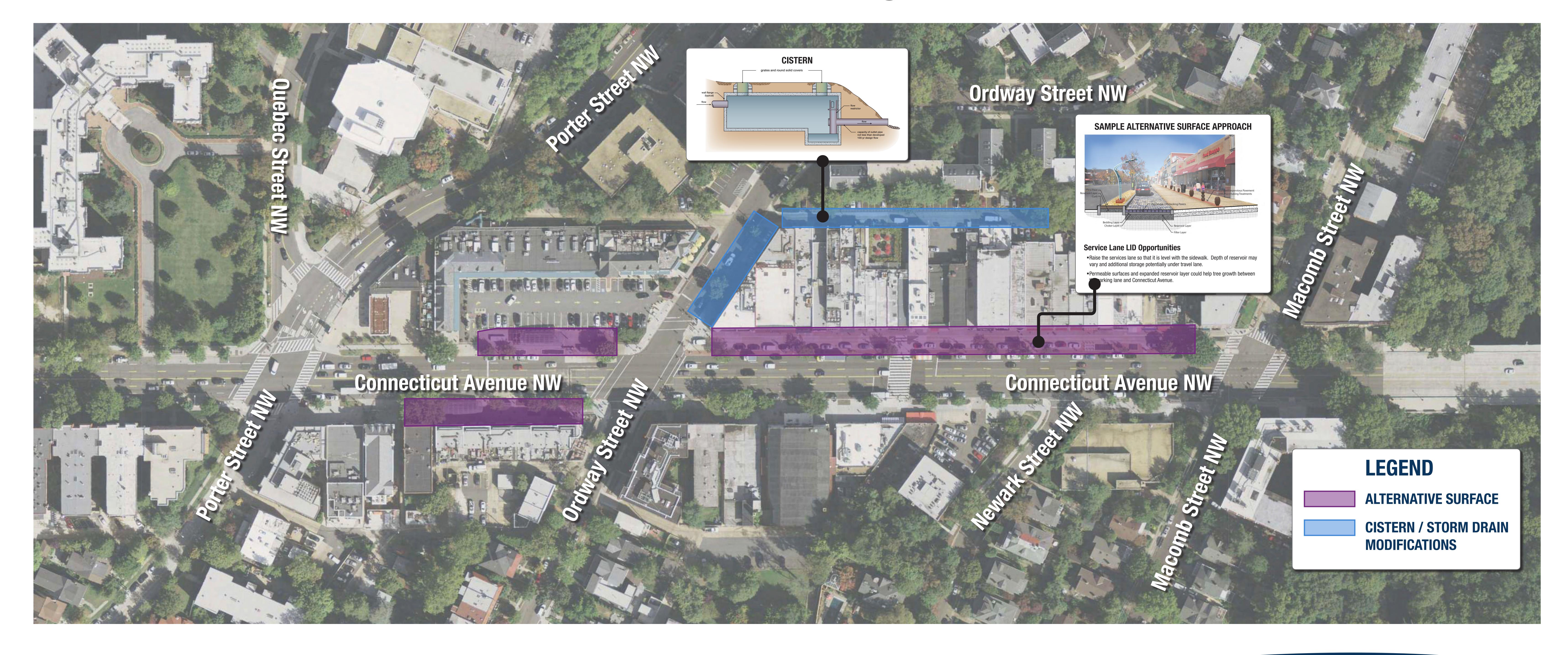


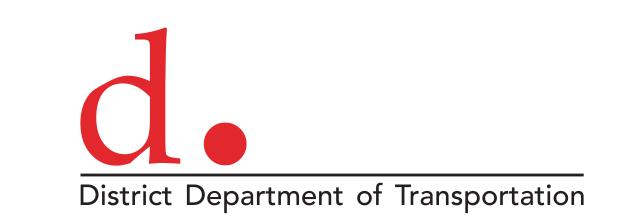




Cleveland Park Stormwater Management Considerations



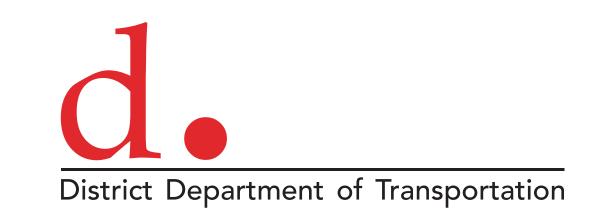




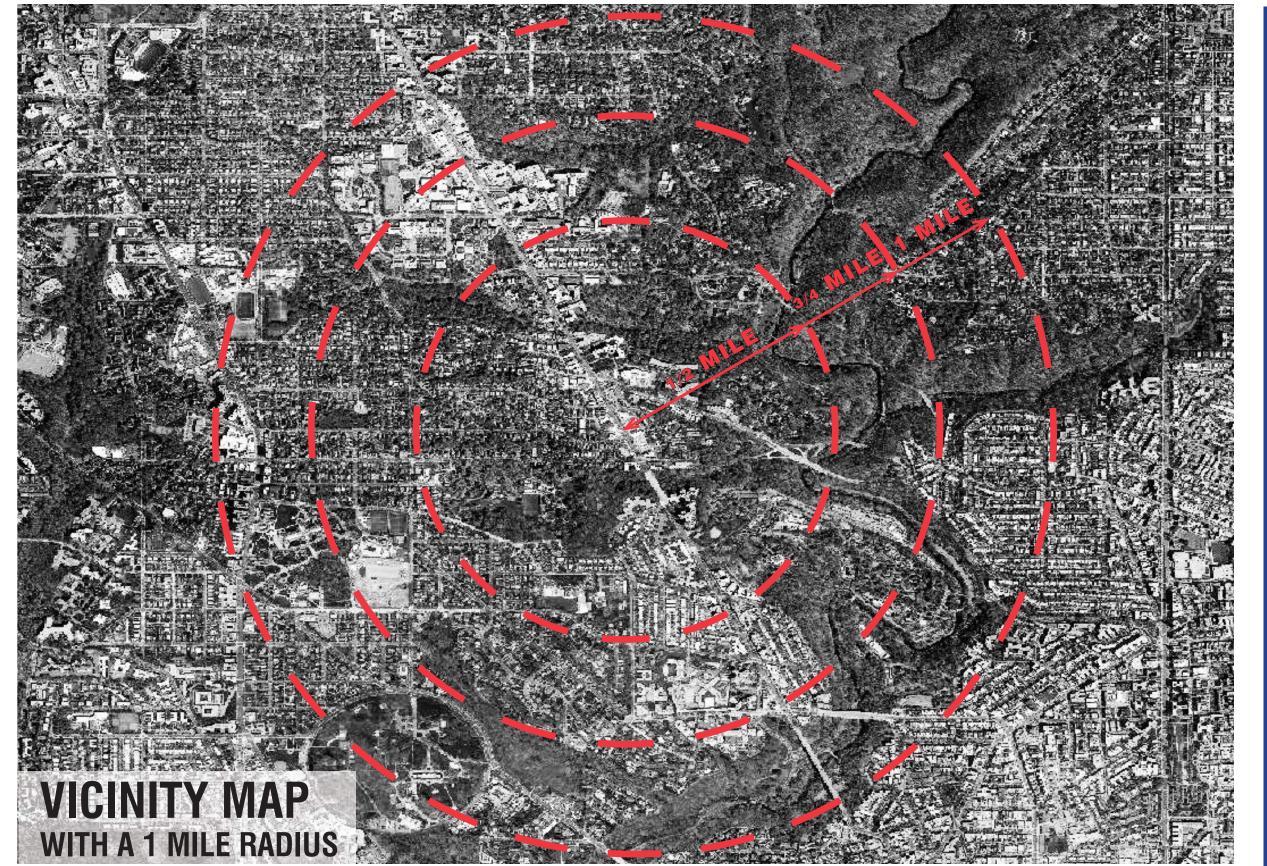
Cleveland Park Green Infrastructure Considerations











EXISTING CONDITIONS

- LACK OF BICYCLE FACILITIES THROUGH CLEVELAND PARK
- INSUFFICIENT AND POOR BIKE STORAGE
- SCATTERED BIKE STORAGE
- POOR SIGNAGE AND MARKINGS
- NARROW ROADWAY TO ACCOMMODATE EXISTING TRAFFIC VOLUME
- 6. REVERSIBLE LANES AT RUSH HOUR ON CONNECTICUT AVENUE
- 7. CYCLING IS POPULAR AND BECOMING A MORE ATTRACTIVE WAY TO TRAVEL IN DC

PROPOSED RECOMMENDATIONS

- BETTER ORGANIZED PUBLIC REALM AND MORE BICYCLE STORAGE OPTIONS
- 2. INTRODUCE A FLOATING BICYCLE LANE OR CYCLE TRACK ON CONNECTICUT AVENUE
- IMPROVE SIGNAGE AND MARKINGS
- PROVIDE BETTER CONNECTIONS TO DC'S BICYCLE



LONG TERM PLANS FOR CONNECTICUT AVENUE

BASED ON THE MULTI MODAL LONG-RANGE TRANSPORTATION PLAN

A DEDICATED BICYCLE FACILITY KNOWN AS A CYCLE TRACK. A CYCLE TRACK IS AN EXCLUSIVE SPACE FOR BICYCLISTS ALONG OR WITHIN A ROADWAY THAT IS PHYSICALLY SEPARATED FROM MOTOR VEHICLES AND PEDESTRIANS BY VERTICAL AND HORIZONTAL ELEMENTS. JUST AS A SIDEWALK CREATES A SEPARATE SPACE FOR PEDESTRIANS, A CYCLE TRACK CREATES AN EXCLUSIVE SPACE FOR PEOPLE BICYCLING ALONG OR WITHIN THE ROADWAY.



EXISTING CONDITIONS





INTERIM RECOMMENDATIONS FOR CONNECTICUT AVENUE MAY INCLUDE FLOATING BICYCLE FACILITY PLAN FOR A TYPICAL FLOATING BIKE LANES



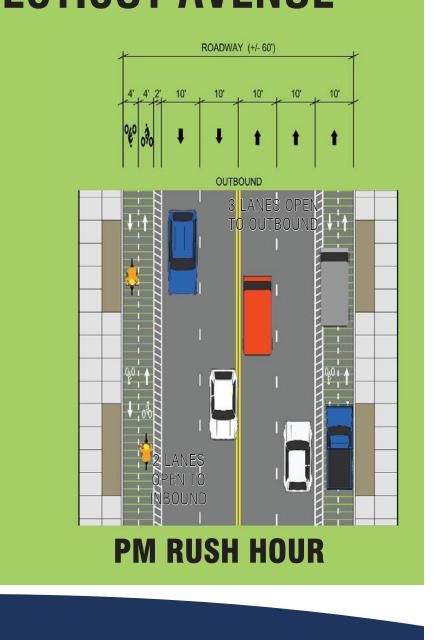
NON RUSH HOUR W/ PARKING

PM RUSH HOUR W/ NO PARKING

FLOATING CYCLE TRACK CONCEPT - CONNECTICUT AVENUE I NDOUND **AM RUSH HOUR** NON RUSH HOUR
W/ PARKING

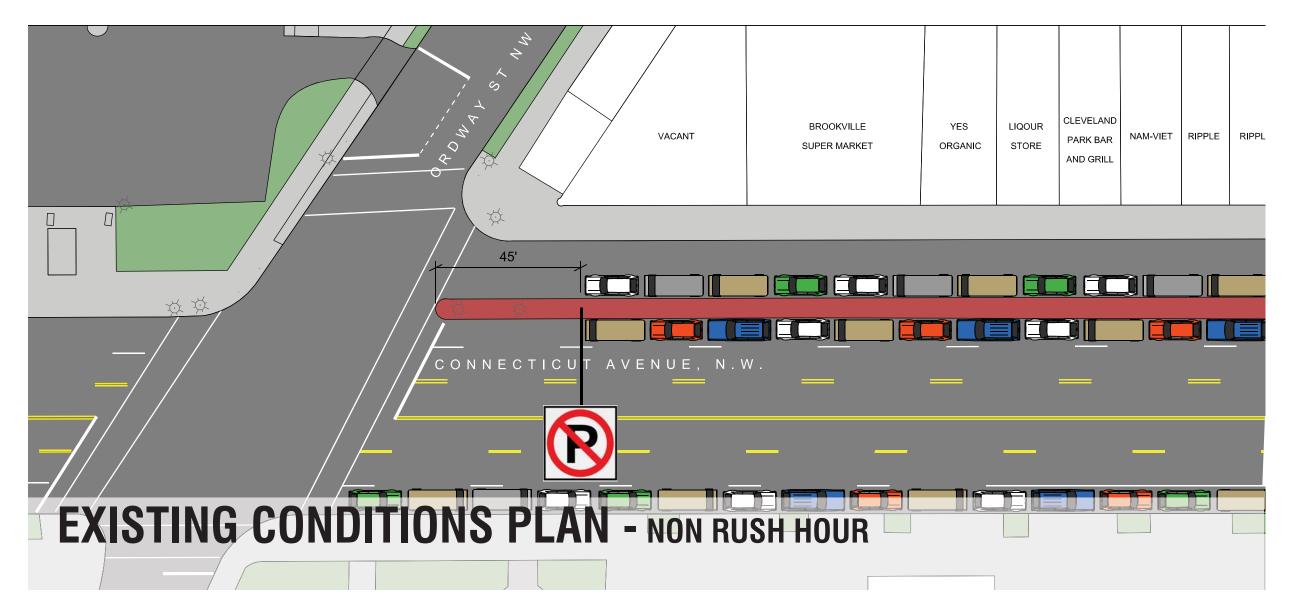
PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE

M STREET NW AND L STREET NV









PROPOSED RECOMMENDATIONS

- CONFUSING TRAFFIC SIGNALS TOO MANY AND
- 2. THREE SECOND GREEN LIGHT FOR VEHICULAR CLOSE SERVICE LANE EXIT TO ORDWAY STREET NW.
- TRAFFIC ON SERVICE LANE CROSSING ORDWAY. LONG CROSSWALK WITH SHORT PEDESTRIAN
- TIMING ON CONNECTICUT AVENUE DANGEROUS CROSSWALKS BECAUSE OF
- UNCONVENTIONAL VEHICULAR MOVEMENTS. 5. HEAVILY TRAVELED CROSSWALK ON ORDWAY STREET CONFLICTS WITH RIGHT TURNS FROM
- THE SERVICE LANE. 6. FREQUENT ILLEGAL PARKING

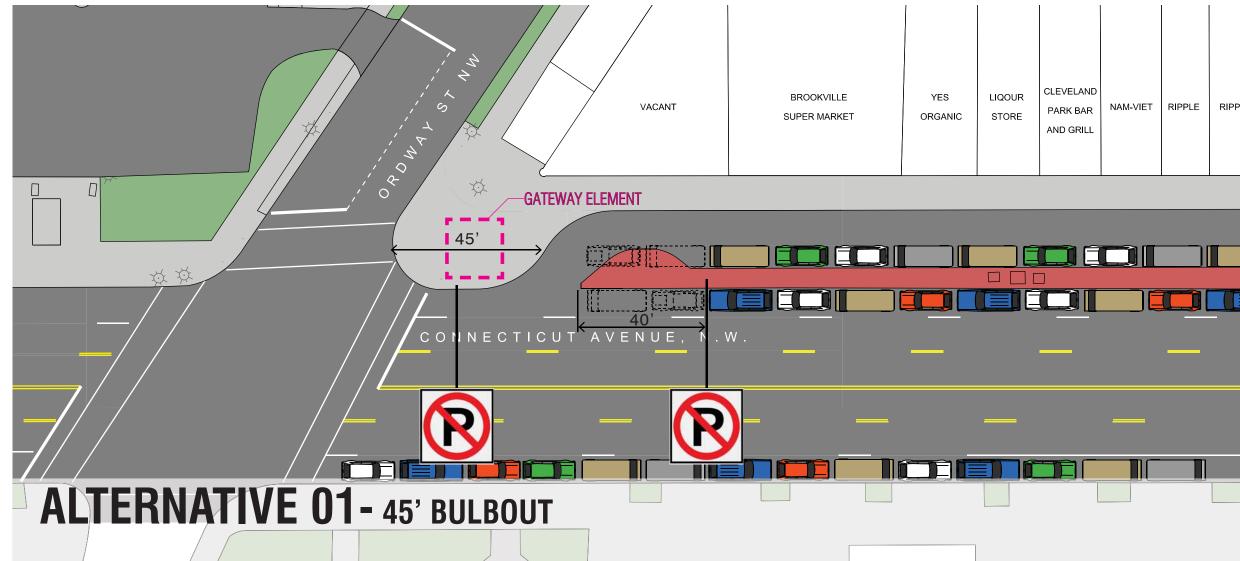
EXISTING CONDITIONS

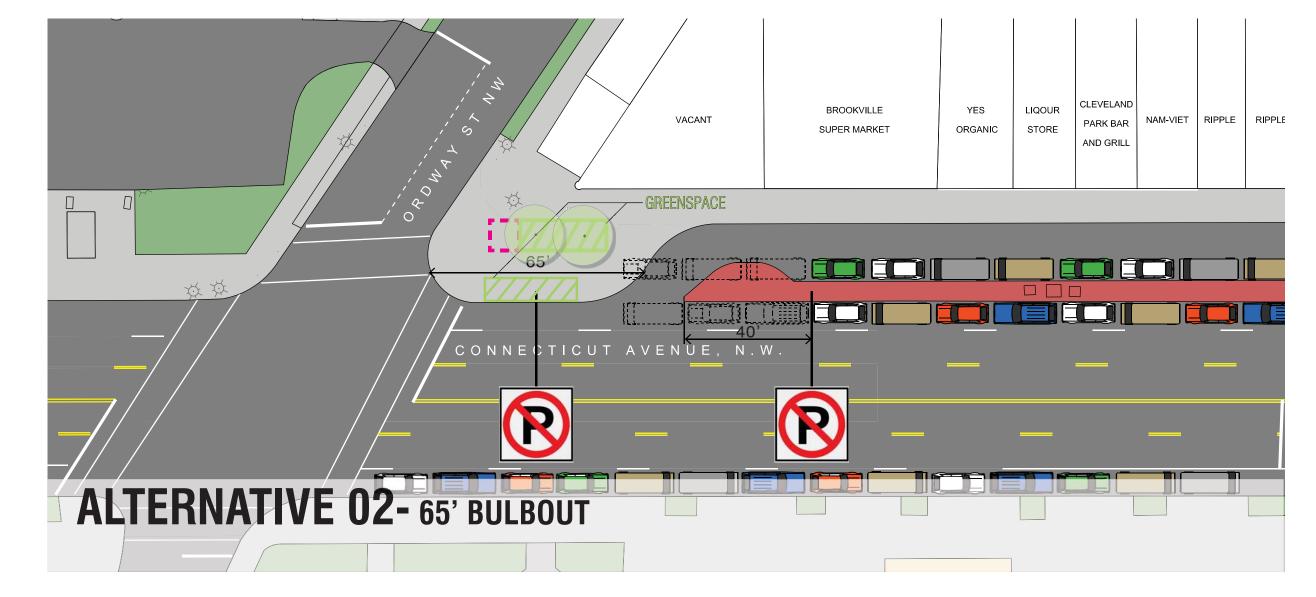
SPREAD OUT RANDOMLY.

7. FREQUENT U-TURNS FROM THE SERVICE LANE TO CONNECTICUT AVENUE TOWARDS DOWNTOWN PRESENTS SAFETY CONCERNS.

- CREATE A SAFE CONDITION FOR PEDESTRIANS AND
- REORGANIZE TRAFFIC SIGNALS TO MEET THE
- NEEDS OF RECONFIGURED INTERSECTIOON.
- 4. PREVENT U-TURNS TOWARDS CONNECTICUT AVENUE.
- INTEGRATE MULTIPLE BENEFITS IN THE PUBLIC REALM, SUCH AS STREETSCAPE ELEMENTS. PLANTING, AND IMPROVED SIGNAGE, AS WELL AS VISION ZERO INITIATIVES.

VISION





SUPER MARKET POTENTIAL SPACES B N ROADWAY FOR **ALTERNATIVE 03-85' BULBOUT**

ALTERNATIVE 02 DESIGN NOTES

ALTERNATIVE 01 DESIGN NOTES

LOCATION FOR POSSIBLE GATEWAY OR FOCAL POINT

CREATES A MORE TYPICAL CROSSWALK CONDITION AT

SHORTENED CROSSWALK ON CONNECTICUT AVE.

EXPANSION OF PEDESTRIAN AREA (1,600 SF) DASHED LINE INDICATES

REDUCED CONFLICTS BETWEEN PEDESTRIANS AND VEHICULAR TRAFFIC

SERVICE LANE AND RIGHT TURNS FROM CONNECTICUT AVE TO ORDWAY.

NO PARKING BETWEEN SERVICE LANE EXIT AND TO ORDWAY STREET,

IMPROVING FLOW OF TRAFFIC ONTO CONNECTICUT AVENUE FROM

POTENTIAL LOSS OF 4 PARKING SPOTS

- POTENTIAL LOSS OF 6 PARKING SPOTS
- EXPANSION OF PEDESTRIAN AREA (1,600 SF) DASHED LINE INDICATES LOCATION FOR POSSIBLE GATEWAY OR FOCAL POINT. HATCHED LINE INDICATES LOCATION FOR A POSSIBLE GREEN AREA WITH SEATING.
- SHORTENED CROSSWALK ON CONNECTICUT AVE.
- REDUCED CONFLICTS BETWEEN PEDESTRIANS AND VEHICULAR TRAFFIC
- CREATES A MORE TYPICAL CROSSWALK CONDITION AT INTERSECTION
- 6. NO PARKING BETWEEN SERVICE LANE EXIT AND TO ORDWAY STREET, IMPROVING FLOW OF TRAFFIC ONTO CONNECTICUT AVENUE FROM SERVICE LANE AND RIGHT TURNS FROM CONNECTICUT AVE TO ORDWAY.
- 7. LONGER DISTANCE FROM SERVICE LANE EXIT TO STOP BAR AT INTERSECTION IMPROVES CONDITIONS FOR MOTORISTS TO MAKE A LEFT TURN ON ORDWAY.

2. POTENTIAL ADDITIONAL PARKING FOR AN ADA PARKING SPOT OR A

3. EXPANSION OF PEDESTRIAN AREA (1,600 SF) DASHED LINE INDICATES

PEOPLE.

6. CREATES A MORE TYPICAL CROSSWALK CONDITION AT INTERSECTION

IMPROVING FLOW OF TRAFFIC ONTO CONNECTICUT AVENUE FROM

INTERSECTION IMPROVES CONDITIONS FOR MOTORISTS TO MAKE A

7. NO PARKING BETWEEN SERVICE LANE EXIT AND TO ORDWAY STREET,

8. LONGER DISTANCE FROM SERVICE LANE EXIT TO STOP BAR AT

REDUCED CONFLICTS BETWEEN PEDESTRIANS AND VEHICULAR TRAFFIC

SERVICE LANE AND RIGHT TURNS FROM CONNECTICUT AVE TO ORDWAY.

SF SEATING AREA. POSSIBLE LOCATION FOR AN EATING AREA

ALTERNATIVE 03 DESIGN NOTES

POTENTIAL LOSS OF 6 PARKING SPOTS

4. SHORTENED CROSSWALK ON CONNECTICUT AVE.

DESIGNATED LOADING AREA

TO ACCOMMODATE

LEFT TURN ON ORDWAY.

INCORPORATING VISION ZERO GOALS INTO THE CLEVELAND PARK DESIGN

VISION ZERO GOALS

"BY THE YEAR 2024, WASHINGTON DC WILL REACH ZERO FATALITIES AN SERIOUS INJURIES IN OUR TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM THROUGH MORE EFFECTIVE USE OF DATA, EDUCATION, ENFORCEMENT, AND ENGINEERING.

- MAYOR MURIEL BOWSER

VISION ZERO FOCUSES ON THE FOLLOWING THEMES:

- CREATE SAFE STREETS: STREETS SHOULD BE DESIGNED FOR ALL USERS AND NEED TO BE BUILT TO ACCOUNT FOR INEVITABLE HUMAN
- PROTECT VULNERABLE USERS: YOUNGER AND OLDER PEOPLE, PEOPLE BIKING, PEOPLE WALKING, AND PEOPLE WITH DISABILITIES ARE ALL MORE VULNERABLE TO SERIOUS TRAFFIC INJURIES AND FATALITIES
- PREVENT DANGEROUS DRIVING: SPEEDING AND OTHER FORMS OF AGGRESSIVE, DISTRACTED AND IMPAIRED DRIVING ARE SIGNIFICANT COMPONENTS OF THE SAFETY CHALLENGES IN THE DISTRICT
- BE TRANSPARENT AND RESPONSIVE: VISION 7FRO REQUIRES ACTIVE PARTICIPATION FROM PEOPLE OF ALL AGES AND ABILITIES USING THE DISTRICT'S TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM.

NEW MOTORIST TRAVEL MOVEMENT



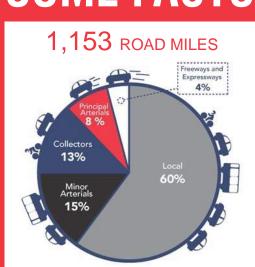








SOME FACTS VISION ZERO IS DEALING WITH:

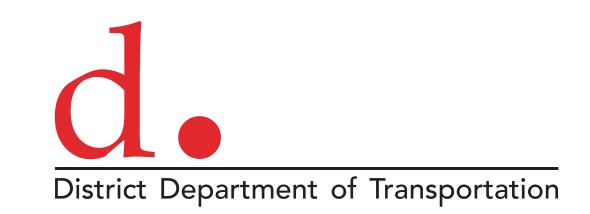




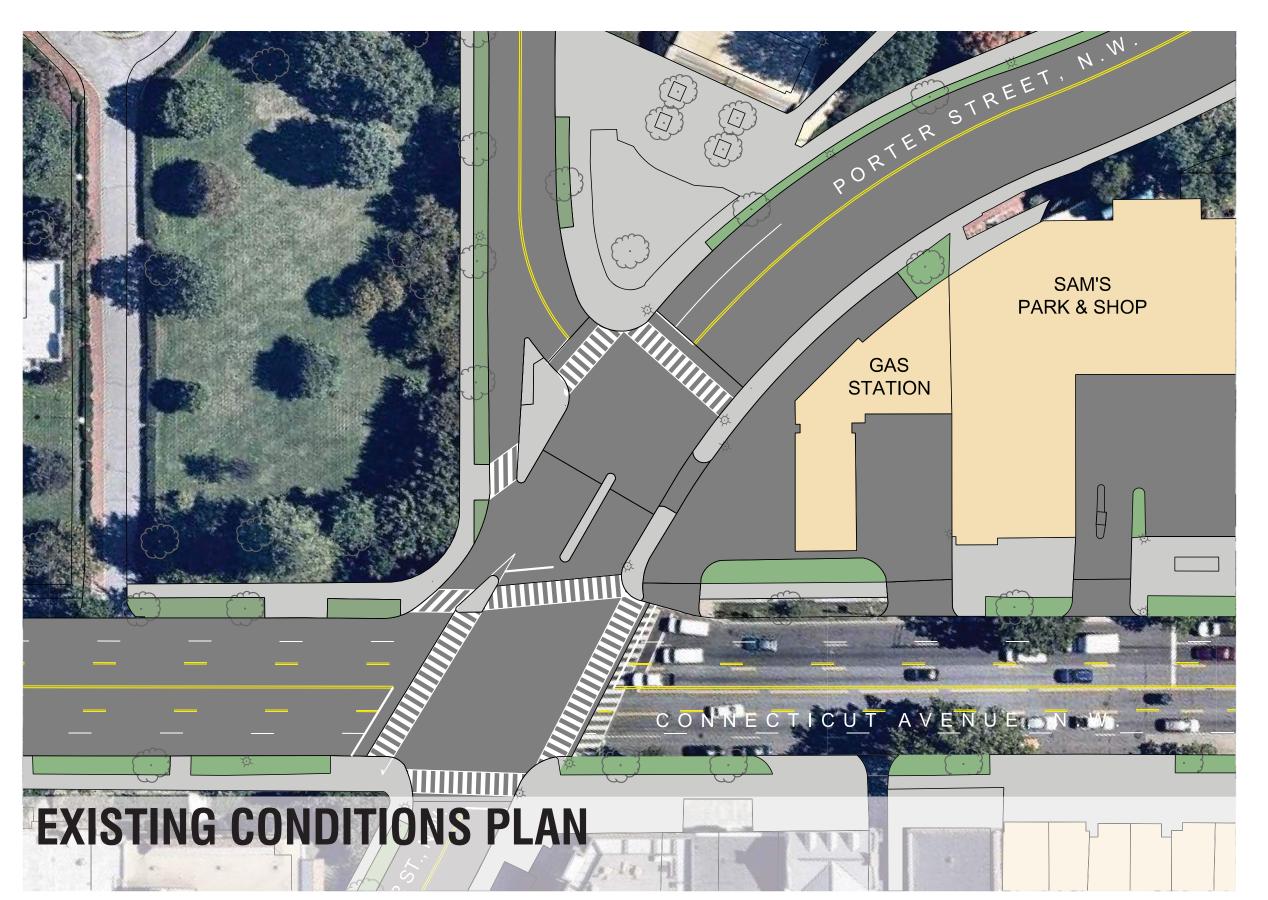


CCIDENTS AT PORTER AND **CONNECTICUT AVENUE INTERSECTIO**









EXISTING CONDITIONS

- CONFUSING TRAFFIC SIGNALS
- LONG AND UNCLEAR CROSSWALKS
- CONFUSING AND CLUTTERED SIGNAGE LACK OF SAFE PEDESTRIAN SPACES
- ABUNDANCE OF IMPERVIOUS SURFACES
- UNSAFE DRIVING BEHAVIOR CAUSED BY POOR ALIGNMENT AND DRIVEWAY ENTRANCES

PROPOSED RECOMMENDATIONS

- 1. REMOVE SLIP LANES AND TRAFFIC ISLANDS AND REPLACE WITH A PEDESTRIAN PLAZA
- 2. ALIGN THE NEW CURBING TO ALLOW FOR A RIGHT TURN ONLY LANE FROM PORTER STREET TO CONNECTICUT AVENUE
- 3. ADJUST OR REMOVE GAS STATION DRIVEWAY AT INTERSECTION TO CREATE IMPROVED PEDESTRIAN CONDITIONS IN SIDEWALKS AND AT CROSSWALKS
- 4. INTEGRATE MULTIPLE BENEFITS IN THE PUBLIC REALM, SUCH AS DC BIKE SHARE STATIONS, LID FACILITIES, AND IMPROVED SIGNAGE; AS WELL AS VISION ZERO INITIATIVES.

INCORPORATING VISION ZERO GOALS INTO THE CLEVELAND PARK DESIGN

VISION ZERO GOALS

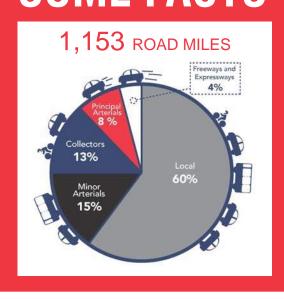
VASHINGTON DC WILL REACH **ZERO** FATALITIES AND

- MAYOR MURIEL BOWSER



VISION ZERO FOCUSES ON THE FOLLOWING THEMES:

SOME FACTS VISION ZERO IS DEALING WITH:

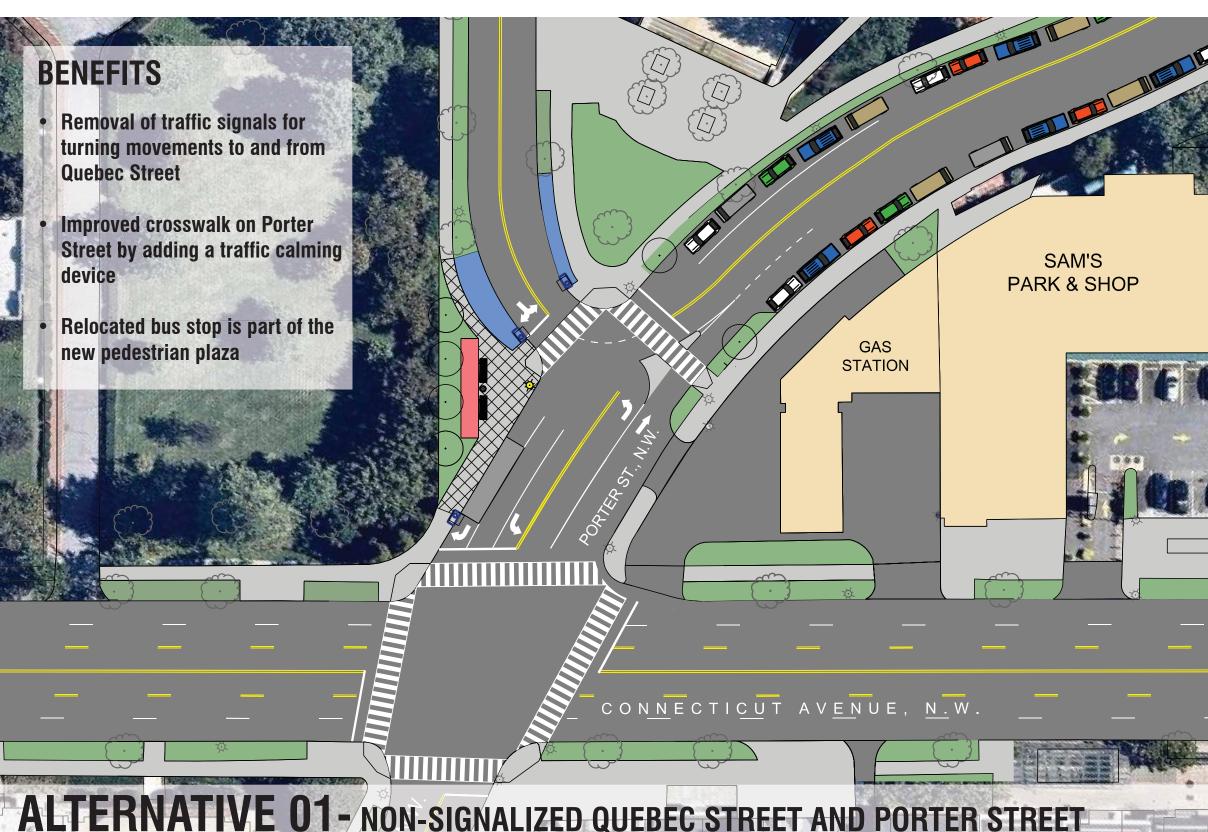


BENEFITS

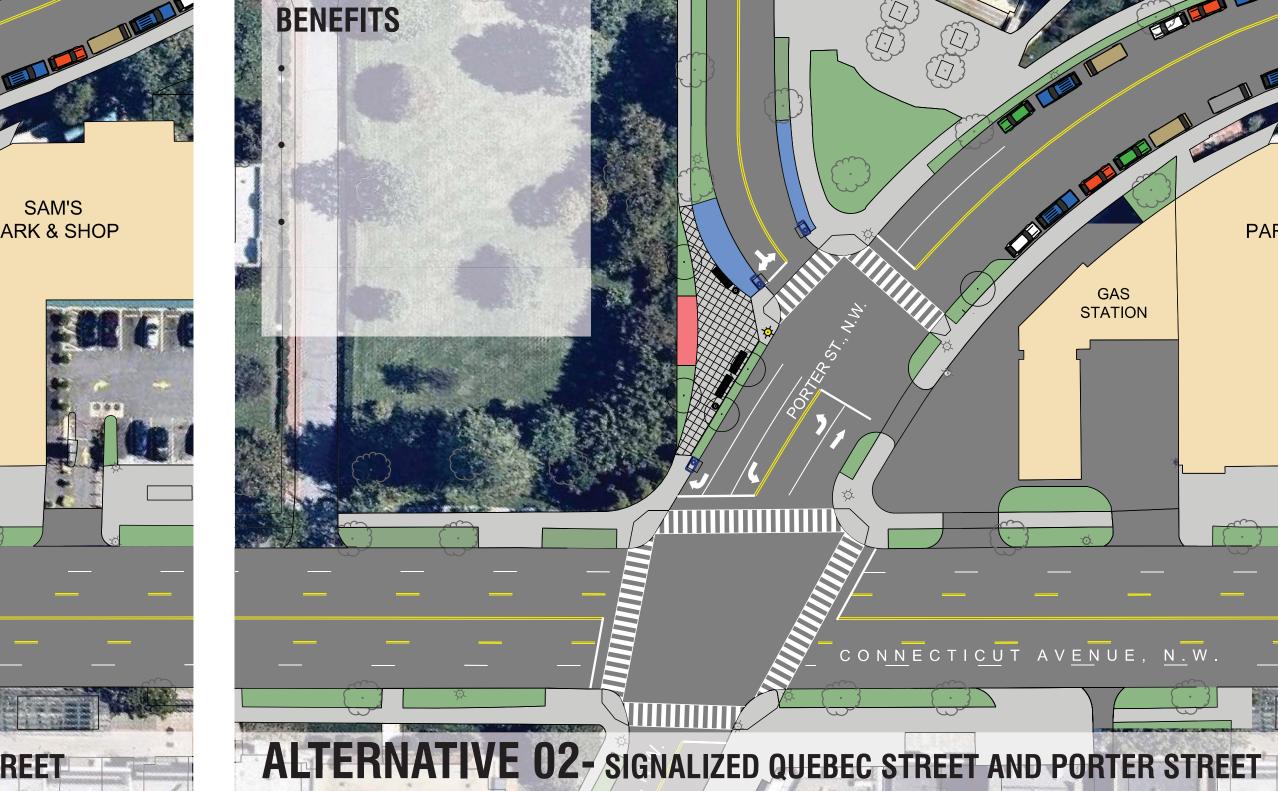




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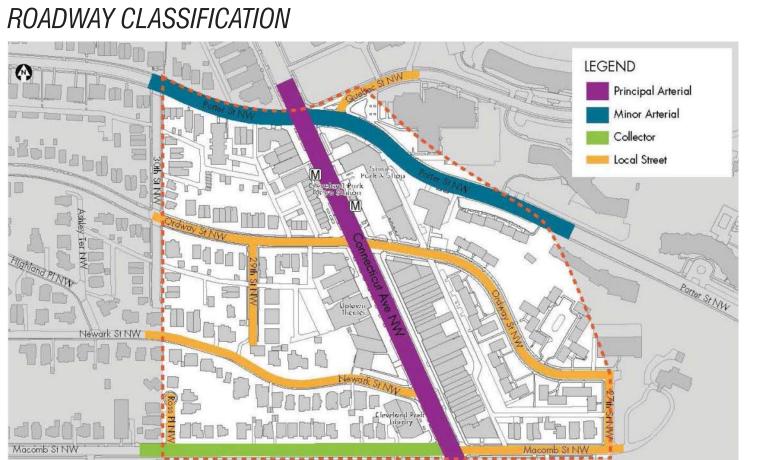








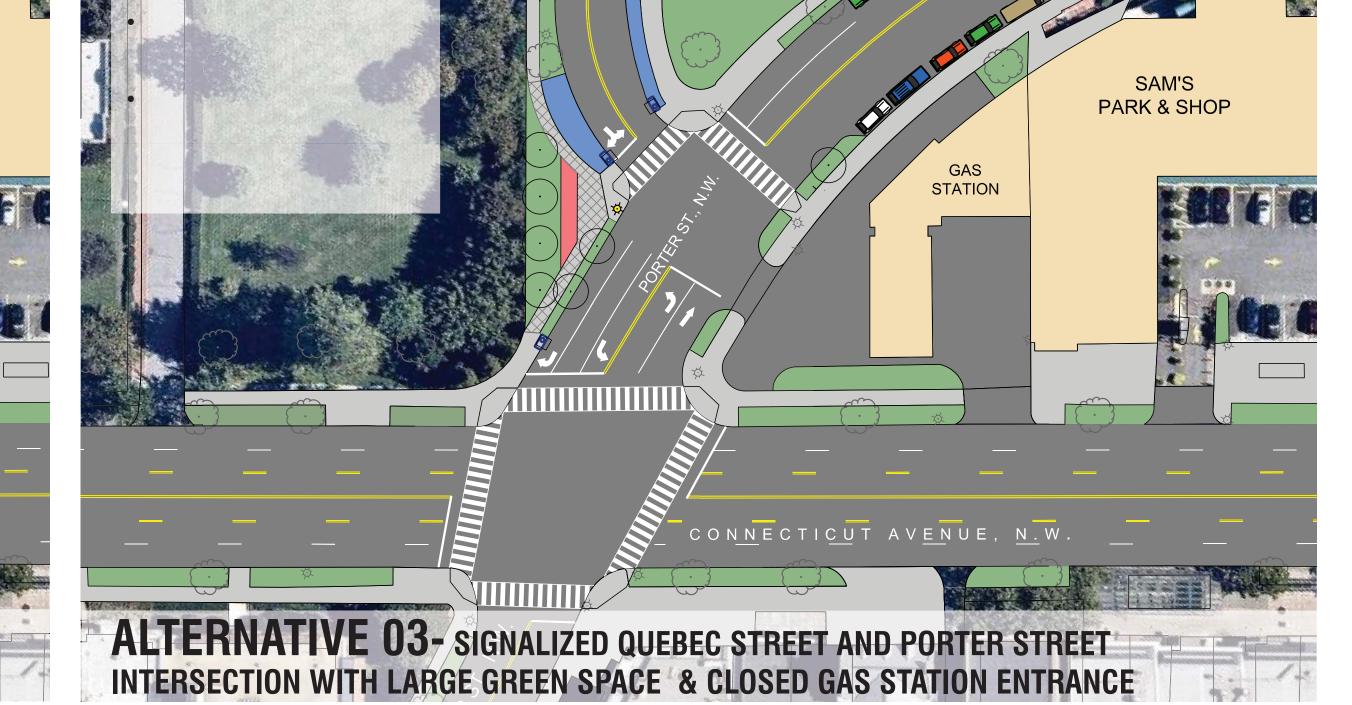






CONNECTICUT AVENUE, N.W

LOOKING TO CONNECTICUT AVE FROM QUEBEC ST NW











CLEVELAND PARK A BRIEF HISTORY

THE CLEVELAND PARK HISTORIC DISTRICT, LOCATED IN THE NORTHWEST SECTOR OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, IS AN INTACT COMMUNITY INTEGRATING RESIDENCES, APARTMENT BUILDINGS AND NEIGHBORHOOD RETAIL SHOPPING LOCATED ON A HILL OVERLOOKING THE CITY CENTER AND SEPARATED FROM IT BY ROCK CREEK PARK, A DEEP GEOLOGICAL CHASM.

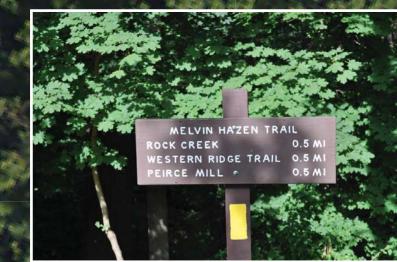
THE FIRST SUBDIVISIONS IN CLEVELAND PARK WERE DEVELOPED BECAUSE OF THE EXTENSION OF THE GEORGE AND TENLEYTOWN ELECTRIC STREETCAR LINE BUILT IN 1890 ALONG WISCONSIN AVENUE. IN 1892 THE ROCK CREEK RAILWAY WAS EXTENDED ON CONNECTICUT AVENUE OVER THE KLINGLE VALLEY TO THE MARYLAND BORDER. THIS BECAME THE SECOND PHASE OF DEVELOPMENT KNOWN AS THE "STREETCAR SUBURB". THESE SUBURBAN DEVELOPMENTS WERE SUPERIMPOSED UPON LAND PREVIOUSLY OCCUPIED BY ESTATES. THE AREAS RETAINED MUCH OF ITS RURAL CHARACTER THROUGHOUT THESE PERIODS OF DEVELOPMENT UNTIL THE 1940S.

CLEVELAND PARK REPRESENTS A CONCENTRATION OF COMMERCIAL STRUCTURES DATING FROM 1925 TO 1939 REFLECTING CHANGING ATTITUDES IN COMMUNITY PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT LARGELY IN RESPONSE TO THE INCREASED USE OF THE AUTOMOBILE AND CHANGING TRENDS IN ARCHITECTURAL STYLES. IT CONTAINS WITHIN IT THE EARLIEST KNOWN PROTOTYPE SHOPPING CENTER IN WASHINGTON D.C., POSSIBLY THE EARLIEST ON THE EAST COAST. TOGETHER WITH THE RESIDENCES THE COMMERCIAL AREA EXEMPLIFIES THE CONTINUOUS LINE OF DEVELOPMENT OF A SUCCESSFUL RESIDENTIAL COMMUNITY FROM 1894 TO 1941. THE INITIAL SUCCESS OF THE CLEVELAND PARK NEIGHBORHOOD PROMPTED THE ESTABLISHMENT OF APARTMENT BUILDINGS AND SMALL SHOPS ALONG CONNECTICUT AND WISCONSIN AVENUES WHICH CONSEQUENTLY LED TO THE CONSTRUCTION OF ADDITIONAL HOUSES AND APARTMENT BUILDINGS. THE HISTORY OF THE TWO AREAS—THE RESIDENTIAL SIDE STREETS AND THE MAIN TRAFFIC ARTERIES FROM THE CITY—ARE INEXTRICABLY LINKED.

CLEVELAND PARK IS DISTINGUISHED FROM THE LATER AUTOMOBILE-RELATED SUBURBS SITUATED TO THE NORTH WHICH ARE MORE SPRAWLING AND LESS ORIENTED TOWARD A COMMERCIAL CENTER ALONG THE AVENUES. THESE NEIGHBORHOODS GENERALLY LACK THE COHESIVENESS THAT EXISTS IN CLEVELAND PARK. IT IS ALSO DISTINGUISHED FROM WOODLEY PARK, SITUATED TO THE SOUTH, WHICH HAS MORE TOWNHOUSES, FEWER LARGE FRONT YARDS, FEWER HILLS, AND A PREDOMINANCE OF BRICK ARCHITECTURE ALL OF WHICH GIVE IT A MORE URBAN ATMOSPHERE. THE CORE OF LATE VICTORIAN HOUSES IN CLEVELAND PARK PREDATES THE ARCHITECTURE IN COMMUNITIES TO THE NORTH, SOUTH AND WEST AND IS SEPARATED FROM COMMUNITIES TO THE EAST BY THE GEOGRAPHY OF ROCK CREEK PARK WHICH ORIGINALLY MADE THIS AREA INACCESSIBLE.

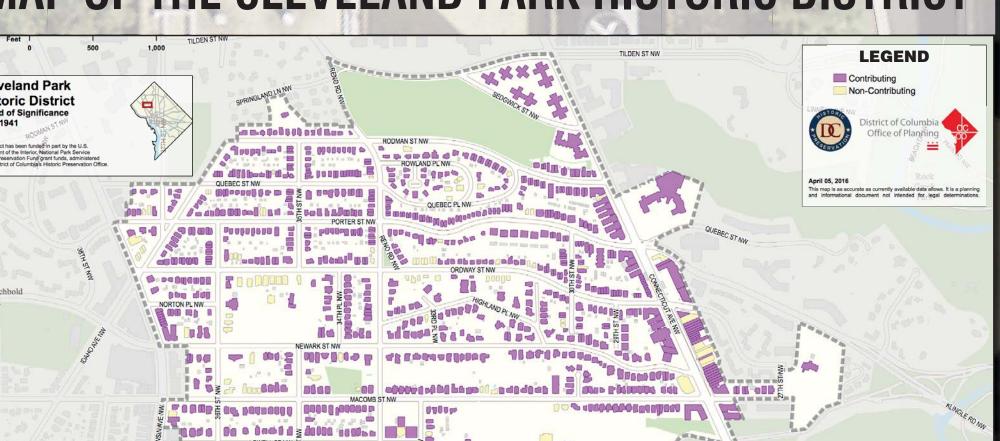
THE CLEVELAND PARK HISTORIC DISTRICT WAS LISTED ON THE NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES IN 1987. A DISTINGUISHING FEATURE OF THE CLEVELAND PARK HISTORIC DISTRICT IS THE LARGE NUMBER OF FRAME HOUSES WITH LOCAL ROCK CREEK GRANITE FOUNDATIONS, IN A CITY OF PREDOMINANTLY BRICK STRUCTURES, REPRESENTING A FULL RANGE OF ARCHITECTURAL STYLES POPULAR AROUND THE TURN OF THE CENTURY INCLUDING: CARPENTER GOTHIC, ITALIANATE, QUEEN ANNE, SHINGLE, DUTCH COLONIAL REVIVAL, MISSION REVIVAL, COLONIAL REVIVAL, NEOCLASSICAL, JAPANESE INFLUENCE, CRAFTSMAN BUNGALOWS, DEVELOPER'S GEORGIAN AND MISSION, TUDOR REVIVAL, ENGLISH COTTAGE, FOURSQUARE, SEARS AND ROEBUCK HOUSES IN VARIOUS STYLES, BEAUX ARTS, ART DECO, INTERNATIONAL STYLE, AND MODERN OR CONTEMPORARY. SUBSEQUENTLY BRICK AND SOME STONE HOUSES WERE BUILT IN THE TEENS AND TWENTIES. STYLISTICALLY, THE NEIGHBORHOOD IS A VERITABLE MUSEUM OF CHANGING TASTES REPRESENTING THE OVERLAY OF HISTORY IN A CONTINUOUS LINE OF DEVELOPMENT FROM 1894 TO 1941.

TRAILHEAD

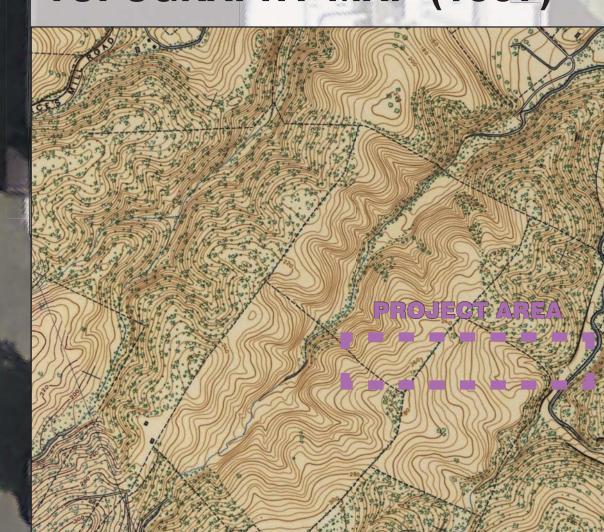




MAP OF THE CLEVELAND PARK HISTORIC DISTRICT



TOPOGRAPHY MAP (1907)





JNDERSTANDING THE URBAN CONTEXT - BUSINESS ARCHITECTURI









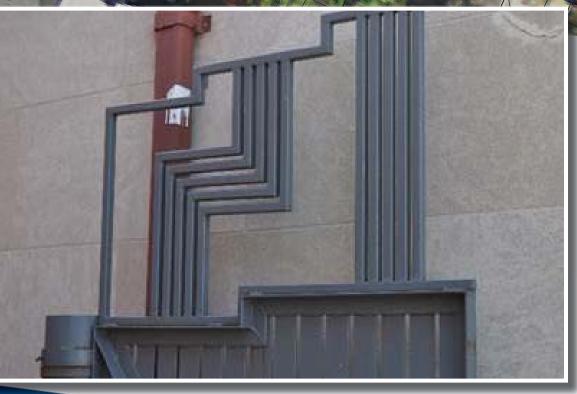




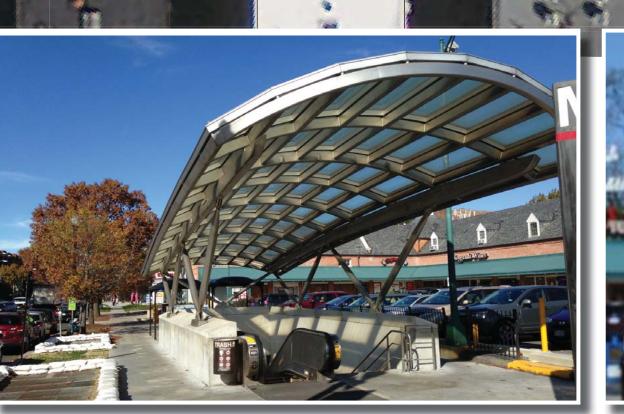


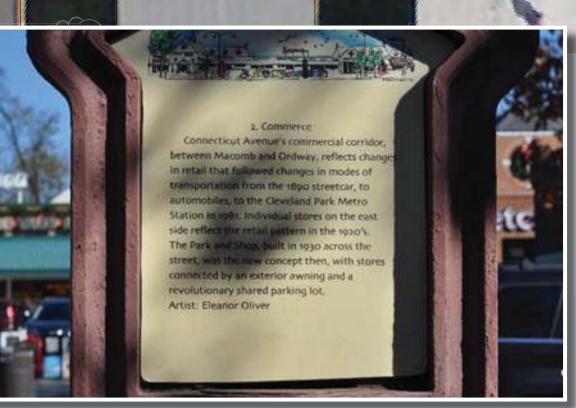








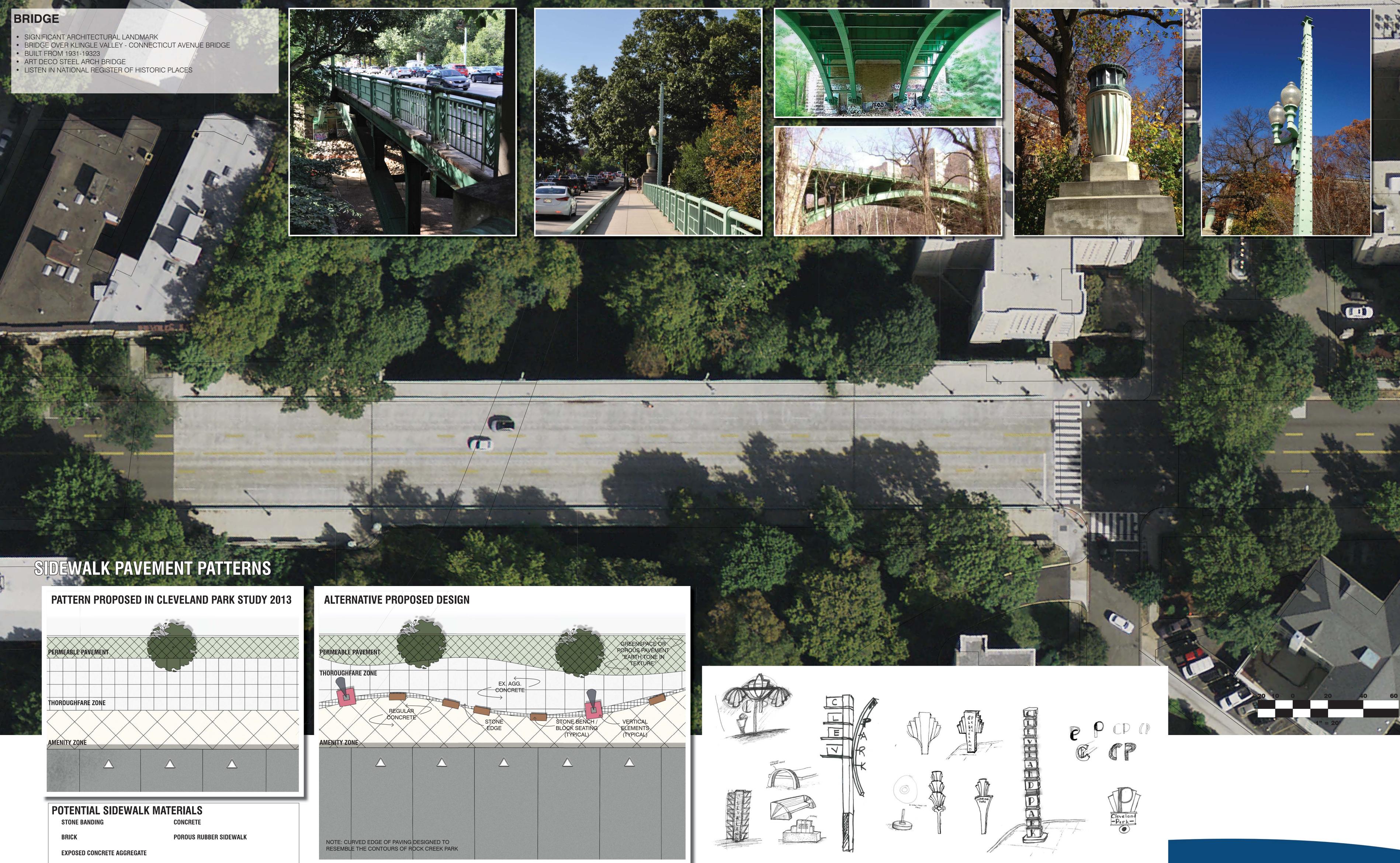
















Thank you for attending the Cleveland Park Streetscape and Drainage Improvement Public Meeting

Stay Connected

Paul Hoffman, Program Manager Paul.hoffman@dc.gov

Wesley Mitchell, wgmitchell@mccormicktaylor.com

Stacee Hemby, Community Outreach Coordinator stacee@tinaboydandassoc.com

Question Regarding a Neighboring Project?

Klingle Watershed Green Streets

Jamie Miller,

Insert info here

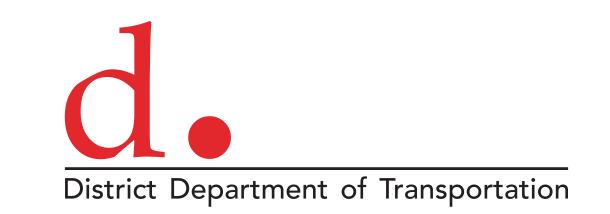
Beach Drive and Multi-use Trail Reconstruction Insert info here



Cleveland Park Milestone Schedule







Cleveland Park Milestone Schedule



